

“Ensuring service provision to people with disabilities under emergency situations: resilience, creativity, and co-production during COVID-19”

EPR Study and Prize 2021

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EPR Study & Prize 2021: Elements Presentation

- Topic & Process & Timeline
- Summary information on 5 good practices from EPR members from Belgium, Ireland, Latvia, Northern Ireland/UK and Spain submitted
- Success factors – in particular in relation to “resilience”, “co-production” and “creativity/innovation”
- Challenges
- Recommendations
- EU-level policy context: European Pillar of Social Rights Action Plan – European Disability Strategy – EU Funds

EPR Study: Topic & Process & Timeline

- **Thematic focus:** Services, programmes, initiatives or projects developed or adapted to the requirements of the COVID-19 pandemic, but also supporting resilience, creativity, and/or co-production
- Discussion & circulation of **template** to submit practices
- Members asked to **score 5 practices submitted**; 10 members did this
- Analysis of practices and writing up of EPR Study
- **Presentation of key insights** from 5 practices received & **Presentations by winner and runner-up & awarding EPR Prize**
2021: 1 December

Summary Info on 5 Promising Practices



1. Fundación ONCE – Inserta Empleo, Spain

Adapting training and employment services under COVID-19

Main features

What? => Adaptation of service provision to remote/online settings in context of organisational development & digitalisation process

How? => Improvement of processes OR new service or programme designs & preserving quality and proximity to clients/user orientation

“Fields” of intervention: a) Staff/Professionals; b) Training Programmes; c) Employment Services; d) Work with employers

Priorities: a) Meeting users’ needs; b) Meeting requirements of ESF

High satisfaction rates of jobseekers, those in training, employers

2. GTB, Belgium



[cooperation with Finland]

Start To Can - A better transition from school to work for young people with disabilities through the use of a user-designed webtool

Main features

Who? => Young PWD (18 y-29 y) w/ health problems and/or at risk of neither being in employment, education, training

What? => Webtool with Training Manual (Teacher; Job Coach; Mediator) & Recommendations, covering job search & life domains

How? => Methodological shift: Focus on skills, strengths & dreams of YPWD – Service design model: Individual Placement and Support

How? => Co-production of webtool and training

3. Cedar Foundation, Northern Ireland/UK



Inclusion Works – Finding Solutions in Challenging Times

Main features

Who? Adults with physical disabilities, acquired brain injury, autism and learning disability

What? Service design to support users in remote/online setup and enable their engagement in training and social integration offers

Objectives: Information & Preparation of re-entry after lockdown, addressing social isolation and anxieties, building users' resilience

How? Adapted & co-produced Personal Training Plans (with adapted COVID-19 pandemic specific goals). Framework of structure & routine when community activity not possible

4. Rehab Group, Ireland



Best Practice Reference Group – COVID19 Framework

Main features

Who? Staff & Management

What? Setting up “Best Practice Reference Group” - receive, filter & disseminate key info to each service & frontline staff

Contents: Repository of up-to-date information (infection control, preventive & protective measures/OSH, staff training & support) documents, guidance, procedures compiled by a “coordination team”

How? Visual engagement: Visual Central Repository

Strengths: Pooling; Speed; Coordination; Consistency => Protocols

5. SIVA (Social Integration State Agency), Latvia



Social Mentoring

Main features

Who? Vocational rehabilitation clients, i.e. PWD or at risk, with mental health conditions, older workers

What? Social mentoring programme; keep connections and motivation for studying and training

How? Attribution of mentor; asking for progress in studies, well-being etc, written feedback & range of support services

Use of digital communication tools & phone

Success Factors (1)

1. **Users: Continued/non-interrupted service provision and support**
2. **Users: Re-organisation of service formats** (flexible; safe; adapted to online)
3. **Users: Further development or adaptation of existing training programmes**
4. **Users: Offered financial, organisational and logistic support** - hardware and software
5. **Services: Shifting to user-based/focused design** of services & tools
6. **Staff: Upskilling & better preparing staff** for new needs, challenges and competences
7. **Providers: Building in monitoring and evaluation procedures** and mechanisms
8. **Providers: Maintaining a strategic & operational exchange & engagement with key external stakeholders**

Success Factors (2)

1. Improved **resilience** of users and providers

- a) addressing anxiety & insecurity of users
- b) Regular one-to-one contact & follow-up
- c) Centralising info & Repositories + Coordination Units
- d) Post-COVID/COVID Recovery Plans, incl. rolling out blended services

2. Ensuring **co-production** of services

- a) Surveys with users for reshaping services & new practices/tools
- b) Collaborative elaboration of (digital) training and (re-)integration tools

3. **Creativity/Innovation** in service, programme and project design

- a) Shifting service provision online or to blended models
- b) Implementing models of “agile” working
- c) Testing and rolling out conceptual innovations

Challenges

1. **Staff: Access to hardware & software**
2. **Staff: Up-/re-skilling** - digital communication, training & teaching tools
3. **Users: Technical and social access** to remote/online formats
4. **Providers: Stable funding** (including EU Funds)
5. **Providers: Additional reporting, reassurance & evidence of continuation of work demanded**
additional administrative & time pressure
6. **Providers: Integration of innovation** in “regular” service packages

Recommendations

1. **Providers: Inclusive user design** for digital tools & platforms
2. **Providers: Maintaining & extending service offers to assist employers with inclusive job & workplace design**, incl disability management approach
3. **Funding agencies: Funding of quality training services** for staff and service users
4. **Funding agencies: Financial support for service providers**, also to integrate service innovations into reimbursed services; roll out co-produced services “Nothing about us without us”
5. **Decision makers (policy; legislation): Continue support of social economy/social enterprises**, incl. WISE